NOCTE

Data Source: Marrison 1967 [GEM-CNL]

Spoken in the Tirap Division of N.E.F.A. near Khonsa, in Jaipur in the Lakhinpur District, and in Namsang in the Sibsagar District. Marrison takes his lexical data from [BRO1851].

Inventory: Marrison 1967 [GEM-CNL] (page 360)

Secondary Sources: [WTF-PNN]

SYLLABLE CANON

(C)V(V)(C)

CONSONANTS

Initials

p	t		ch	k
ph	th			kh
b	d		j	
	s			h
v				
m	n		ny	ng
	l	r		

Finals

-p	-t	-k
-m	-n	-ng

- Marrison indicates that <ch> corresponds to /c/.

VOWELS

Monophthongs			*Diphthongs*		
i		u			
e		o		ie	uo
	a			ua	

❖ ❖ ❖ ❖ ❖

NOCTE

Hawa-jap

Data Source: Das Gupta 1971 [KDG-INL]

Hawa-jap Dialects are spoken in Namsang, Borduria, Laptang, Kaimai, Paniduria, Notunkheti, Wathin, Khela, Khonsa, Kheti Thingsa, Dadam, Muktoa, Cinkoe, Laho, Kothin, Hongkah, Biara, Kapo, Cangnyiak (Kolagao). "The primary material ... was collected in Namsang and Borduria villages. It was subsequently checked and verified with the help of Sarvashri Wangkap, Wangpha and Thunwang" (p. iii).

Inventory: Das Gupta 1971 [KDG-INL] (pages 1-3)

CONSONANTS

p	t		c	k	
ph	th		ch	kh	
b	d		j		
	s				h
	sh				
v					
m	n		ny	ng	
w	l	r	y		

- /t d/ are sometimes realized as "dentaloalveolar".
- /v/ is sometimes aspirated.
- /k/ is sometimes realized as [ŋ] when followed by a nasal consonant.

VOWELS

i		u
e		o
	a	

- "Usually o is realized as o in 'not' but it is close at the end of the word like o in English 'note'" (p. 1).
- "e is sometimes centralized with the mouth shaped for the ordinary e and the tongue drawn slightly backwards" (p. 1).
- There are some instances of vowel harmony (p. 1).

TONES

- Although Das Gupta does not indicate tone, he writes that it is "an important feature". He does not describe the tones, but lists minimal pairs. Tones listed include "level", "rising", "rise falling", and "falling" (p. 2).